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# Text free Area for Pharmacode scanning

		PHARMACODE DIRECTION			
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		'			
		Pharmacode			
Package leaflet: Information for the patient					
Trazodone hydrochloride 50mg/5ml oral solution					
					(Trazodone hyd
,		,			
Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start tak	ina thia	s medicine because it contains important			
information for you.	ing unit				
- Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.					
<ul> <li>Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.</li> <li>If you have any further questions, ask your doctor or pharmacist.</li> </ul>					
- This medicine has been prescribed for you only. Do n	ot pass	it on to others. It may harm them, even if their			
signs of illness are the same as yours.		This is charles over a solid solid offersternet			
- If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pha	armacist	. This includes any possible side effects not			
listed in this leaflet. See section 4.					
What is in this leaflet					
what is in this leanet					
1. What trazodone oral solution is and what it is used for					
2. What you need to know before you take trazodone oral solution					
3. How to take trazodone oral solution					
4. Possible side effects					
5. How to store trazodone oral solution					
<ol><li>Contents of the pack and other information</li></ol>					
1. What trazodone oral solution is and what it is used	l for				
The name of your medicine is trazodone hydrochloride 50mg/5ml oral solution (called trazodone in this					
leaflet). It contains a medicine called trazodone hydrochloride. This belongs to a group of medicines called					
antidepressants.					
Trazodone can be used to treat anxiety and depression.					
2. What you need to know before you take trazodone	oraleo	lution			
	Jiai 50				
Do not take this medicine and tell your doctor if:					
- you are allergic (hypersensitive) to trazodone hydroch	loride o	r any of the other ingredients of this medicine			
(listed in Section 6). Signs of an allergic reaction can include: a rash, swallowing or breathing problems,					
swelling of your lips, face, throat or tongue.					
- you have recently had a heart attack					
<ul> <li>you are a heavy drinker or are taking sleeping tablets</li> </ul>					
- you are under 18 years of age.					
, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>					
Do not take this medicine if any of the above applies to ye	ou. If vo	u are not sure, talk to your doctor or			
pharmacist before taking trazodone.					
Take special care with trazodone					
r					

## Thoughts of suicide and worsening of your depression or anxiety disorder

If you are depressed and/or have anxiety disorders you can sometimes have thoughts of harming or killing yourself. These may be increased when first starting antidepressants, since these medicines all take time to work, usually about two weeks but sometimes longer.

You may be more likely to experience this:

- If you have previously had thoughts about killing or harming yourself.
- If you are a young adult. Information from clinical trials has shown an increased risk of suicidal behaviour in adults aged less than 25 years with psychiatric conditions who were treated with an antidepressant.

If you have thoughts of harming or killing yourself at any time, contact your doctor or go to a hospital straight away.

You may find it helpful to tell a relative or close friend that you are depressed or have an anxiety disorder, and ask them to read this leaflet. You might ask them to tell you if they think your depression or anxiety is getting worse, or if they are worried about changes in your behaviour.

Trazodone should not be used in children and adolescents under 18 years of age.

If you are elderly, you may be more prone to side effects, increased caution is necessary especially when taking other medicines at the same time as trazodone or if you have some other diseases.

## Warnings and precautions

Talk to your doctor or pharmacist or nurse before taking trazodone

- If you have or have ever had fits or seizures
- If you have severe liver, kidney or heart problems
- If you are pregnant, trying to become pregnant or are breast-feeding
- If you have an overactive thyroid gland (hyperthyroidism)
- If you have problems passing water or need to pass water (urine ) frequently
- If you have narrow angle glaucoma (an eye disorder)
- If you have schizophrenia or other type of mental disorder
- If you are elderly, as you may be more prone to side effects

If you are not sure if any of the above applies to you, talk to your doctor or pharmacist before taking trazodone.

### Other medicines and trazodone

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking, have recently taken or might take any other medicines. This includes medicine you buy without prescription, including herbal medicines. This is because trazodone can affect the way some other medicines work. Also some medicines can affect the way trazodone works.

### Tell your doctor if you are taking any of the following medicines:

- MAOI (MonoAmine Oxidase Inhibitors) medicine such as tranylcypromine, phenelzine and isocarboxazid (for depression) or selegiline (for Parkinson's disease), or have taken them in the last 2 weeks
- Other antidepressants (such as amitriptyline or fluoxetine)
- Buprenorphine/opioids. These medicines may interact with trazodone and you may experience symptoms such as involuntary, rhythmic contractions of muscles, including the muscles that control movement of the eye, agitation, hallucinations, coma, excessive sweating, tremor, exaggeration of reflexes, increased muscle tension, body temperature above 38°C. Contact your doctor when experiencing such symptoms.
- Sedatives (such as tranquilizers or sleeping pills)
- Medicines used to treat epilepsy such as carbamazepine and phenytoin
- Medicines used to treat high blood pressure, for example, clonidine
- Digoxin (used to treat heart problems)
- Medicines used to treat fungal infections such as ketoconazole and itraconazole
- Some medicines used to treat HIV such as ritonavir and indinavir
- Erythromycin, an antibiotic used to treat infections
- Levodopa (used to treat Parkinson's disease)
- St.John's Wort (a herbal remedy)
- Warfarin (used to stop your blood from clotting)

#### Anaesthetics

If you are going to have an anaesthetic (for an operation), tell your doctor or dentist that you are taking trazodone.

#### Taking trazodone with alcohol

You should avoid drinking alcohol while taking trazodone.

### Pregnancy and breast-feeding

If you are pregnant or breast-feeding, think you may be pregnant or are planning to have a baby, ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice before taking this medicine.

Taking trazodone in the late stages of pregnancy may lead to your baby experiencing withdrawal symptoms when they are born.

If you are breast-feeding or planning to breast-feed, talk to your doctor or pharmacist before taking any medicine.

#### **Driving and using machines**

Trazodone may make you feel sleepy or dizzy. If this happens do not drive or use any tools or machines.

### Important information about some of the ingredients of trazodone oral solution

This medicine contains 2000 mg of sorbitol (non-crystallising) (E 420) per 5 ml. Sorbitol is a source of fructose. If your doctor has told you that you (or your child) have an intolerance to some sugars or if you have been diagnosed with hereditary fructose intolerance (HFI), a rare genetic disorder in which a person cannot break down fructose, talk to your doctor before you (or your child) take or receive this medicine. Sorbitol may cause gastrointestinal discomfort and mild laxative effect.

Trazodone oral solution also contains 1000mg of glycerol (E 422). This may cause headache, stomach upset and diarrhoea.

Also contains 5mg of benzoic acid (E 210).

This medicinal product contains 10mg sodium per 5 ml. To be taken into consideration by patients on a controlled sodium diet.

Trazodone contains 2.33mg of orange flavour with 1.92mg of propylene glycol. Co-administration with medicines containing propylene glycol or ethanol may lead to accumulation of ethanol and induce adverse effects, in particular in young children with low or immature metabolic capacity.

## 3. How to take trazodone oral solution

Always take this medicine exactly as your doctor has told you. Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure.

## Taking this medicine

- Take this medicine by mouth
- Take with or after food. This can help lower the chances of side effects

175 mm

If you have been told to take trazodone only once each day then you should take it before going to bed If you feel the effect of your medicine is too weak or strong, do not change the dose yourself, but ask your doctor

#### How much to take

#### Adults

## Depression

- Adults usually start by taking 150mg (15ml) each day
- Your doctor may increase the dose to 300mg (30ml) each day depending on your condition
- For adults in hospital the dose may be as high as 600mg (60ml) each day

#### Anxiety

- Adults usually start by taking 75mg (7.5ml) each day
- Your doctor may increase the dose to 300mg (30ml) each day

#### Elderly

- Older people or those who are frail will usually be given a starting dose of 100mg (10ml) each day

Doses of more than 300mg (30ml) will not normally be given

### Use in children and adolescents

Children and adolescents under 18 years should not take trazodone

#### If you take more trazodone than you should

If you take more trazodone than you should, tell a doctor or go to a hospital casualty department straight away. Take this medicine pack with you. This is so the doctor knows what you have taken.

The following effects may happen: feeling sick or being sick, feeling sleepy, dizzy or faint, fits (seizures), confusion, breathing or heart problems.

#### If you forget to take trazodone

If you forget to take a dose, take it as soon as you remember it. However, if it is nearly time for the next dose, skip the missed dose.

Do not take a double dose to make up for a forgotten dose.

#### If you stop taking trazodone

Keep taking trazodone until your doctor tells you to stop. Do not stop taking trazodone just because you feel better. When your doctor tells you to stop taking this medicine he/she will help you to stop taking it gradually.

If you have any further questions on the use of this medicine, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

#### 4. Possible side effects

Like all medicines, this medicine can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them.

## Stop taking trazodone and see a doctor or go to a hospital straight away if:

- You get swelling of the hands, feet, ankles, face, lips or throat which may cause difficulty swallowing or breathing, itching of the skin and nettle rash. This may mean you are having an allergic reaction to trazodone
- You get a painful erection of the penis, unrelated to sexual activity, that will not go away (priapism)
- You get yellowing of the eyes or skin. This could be a liver problem (such as jaundice)
- You are getting infections more easily than usual. This could be because of a blood disorder (agranulocytosis) You are bruising more easily than usual. This could be because of a blood disorder (thrombocytopenia) You have severe abdominal pain and bloating, are being sick (vomiting) and have constipation. These may be signs that your intestine is not working properly (paralytic ilius)

# Talk to your doctor straight away if you notice the following side-effects:

- You have thoughts of harming or killing yourself
- Feeling tired, faint, dizzy, having pale skin. These could be signs of anaemia
- Convulsions/fits
- Unusual skin sensations such as numbness, tingling, pricking, burning or creeping on the skin (parasthesia)
- Feeling confused, restless, sweating, shaking, shivering, hallucinations (strange visions or sounds), sudden jerks of the muscles or a fast heartbeat, you may have something called Serotonin syndrome. Feeling very unwell, possibly with shortness of breath (dyspnoea), difficulty in walking or walking with a
- shuffling gait, shaking, uncontrolled muscle twitching and a high temperature (above 38°C). This could be a rare condition known as Neuroleptic Malignant Syndrome.
- Rapid, slow or irregular heartbeat

## Below is a list of other side effects that have been reported:

- Feeling drowsy or sleepy, tiredness
- Feeling less alert than usual
- Feeling sick (nausea) or being sick (vomiting), indigestion
- Constipation, diarrhoea
- Dry mouth, altered taste, increased amounts of saliva, blocked nose
- -Sweating more than usual
- Dizziness, headache, confusion, weakness, tremor (shaking)
- Blurred vision
- Loss of appetite and weight loss -
- Feeling dizzy or light-headed on standing or sitting up quickly (postural hypotension), fainting (syncope)
- Feeling restless and having difficulty sleeping
- Water retention which may cause swollen arms or legs -
- Skin rash, itching
- Chest pain
- Pain in limbs, back pain, pain in your muscles, pain in your joints -
- Jerking movements that you can not control, mainly in of the arms and legs, uncontrolled muscle movements or twitches
- Frequent infections with high temperature, severe chills, sore throat or mouth ulcers. These could be signs of a blood problem called leucopenia.
- Feeling anxious or more nervous than usual, feeling agitated
- Overactive behaviour or thoughts (mania), believing things that are not true (delusions), memory disturbance
- Nightmares
- Decreased sex drive
- Feeling dizzy, possibly with a "spinning" feeling (vertigo)
- High blood pressure
- High temperature
- Flu type symptoms
- Difficulty with speaking
- Higher than normal number of white blood cells (seen by a blood test)
- High levels of liver enzymes in your blood (shown by a blood test)
- Severe liver disorders such as hepatitis.
- Liver failure with potential fatal outcome.
- Feeling tired, weak and confused, having muscle that ache, are stiff or do not work well. There may also be headache, loss of appetite, nausea or vomiting, convulsion. This may be due to low sodium levels in your blood.

## Reporting of side effects

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side effects directly via the Yellow Card Scheme at: www.mhra.gov.uk/yellowcard or search for MHRA Yellow Card in the Google Play or Apple App Store. By reporting side effects, you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine. By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

## 5. How to store trazodone oral solution

Keep out of the sight and reach of children.

Do not use this medicine after the expiry date which is stated on the label and carton after EXP. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.

Use within 1 months after first opening

Keep the bottle in the outer carton to protect from light. This medicinal product does not require any special temperature storage conditions.

Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help protect the environment.

## 6. Contents of the pack and other information

## What trazodone oral solution contains

- The active substance is trazodone hydrochloride.
- Each 5 ml solution contains 50mg of trazodone hyrochloride.
- The other ingredients are glycerol (E 422), sorbitol solution (non-crystallising)(E 420), benzoic acid (E 102), saccharin sodium, sodium hydroxide (for pH adjustment) purified water and orange flavour containing propylene glycol

## What trazodone oral solution looks like and contents of the pack

640 mm

Trazodone oral solution is a clear solution with pungent aroma and orange flavour.

120ml solution in amber coloured glass bottle (Type-III), with 28mm white plastic child resistant cap with wad in outer carton.

#### Marketing Authorisation Holder

Somex Pharma Ilford, Essex, IG3 8BS. UK.

## Manufacturer

Somex Pharma llford, Essex, IG3 8RA. UK.

This leaflet was last revised in December 2022.

Other sources of information:

To request a copy of this leaflet in braille or large print please call: 020 8590 9399 (UK Only).